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Structure constants of operators on the Wilson loop from integrability at weak coupling

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Based on arXiv:1706.02989 with Minkyoo Kim (University of Witwatersrand)

Seminar@Kyoto University

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$$\mathcal{N} = 4 \text{ SYM in 4d} \iff \text{Type IIB string on } \text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$$

Goal of this talk:

Proposal for computing 3-point functions of
open strings at finite coupling in the large N limit

Strategy:

3-point functions formula for close string called
hexagon method and **weak coupling integrability analysis**

1. Introduction

Integrability in $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM

2-point functions in $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_i(x_1) \mathcal{O}_j(x_2) \rangle = \frac{\delta_{ij}}{|x_1 - x_2|^{\Delta_i}}$$

$$\Delta_{\textcolor{red}{i}} = \Delta_i^{\text{tree}} + \gamma_i$$

↑
anomalous dimensions

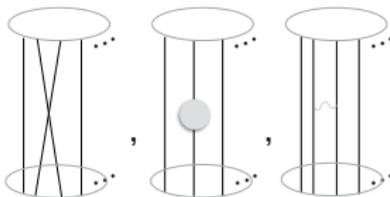
Single trace operators:

e.g.

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_i &= \text{tr}(Z \textcolor{red}{Y} Z Z \textcolor{red}{Y} \cdots) \\ Z &= \phi_1 + i\phi_2, \quad \textcolor{red}{Y} = \phi_3 + i\phi_4\end{aligned}$$

1-loop anomalous dimension and spin chain Hamiltonian

['02 Minahan, Zarembo]

$$\Gamma^{\text{1-loop}} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram 1} \\ , \\ \text{Diagram 2} \\ , \\ \text{Diagram 3} \end{array} \right) \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{H}_{XXX} = \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{n=1}^L \sigma_n^i \sigma_{n+1}^i$$


- Eigenfunctions

BPS operator : $\text{tr}(Z \cdots Z) \longleftrightarrow \text{Vacuum} : |\uparrow \cdots \uparrow\rangle$

$\text{tr}(ZYZZY \cdots) \longleftrightarrow |\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow\cdots\rangle$

- Eigenvalues

$$\gamma^{\text{1-loop}} \longleftrightarrow E_{XXX}$$

1-loop anomalous dimension can be efficiently computed using **integrability**.

One can also compute the **anomalous dimension at finite coupling** using integrability techniques.

[’10 Beisert et al]

3-point functions

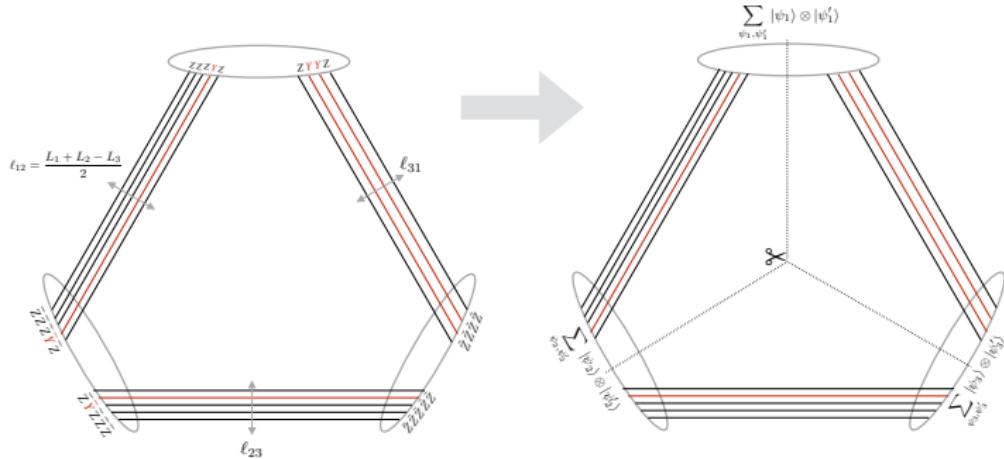
$$\langle \mathcal{O}_i(x_1) \mathcal{O}_j(x_2) \mathcal{O}_k(x_3) \rangle = \frac{\text{structure constants}}{\downarrow} \frac{C_{ijk}}{|x_1-x_2|^{\Delta_i+\Delta_j-\Delta_k} |x_2-x_3|^{\Delta_j+\Delta_k-\Delta_i} |x_3-x_1|^{\Delta_k+\Delta_i-\Delta_j}}$$

Tree-level : Tailoring method [['10 Escobedo-Gromov-Sever-Vieira](#)]

All-loop : Hexagon method [['15 Basso, Komatsu, Vieira](#)]

C_{123} at tree-level

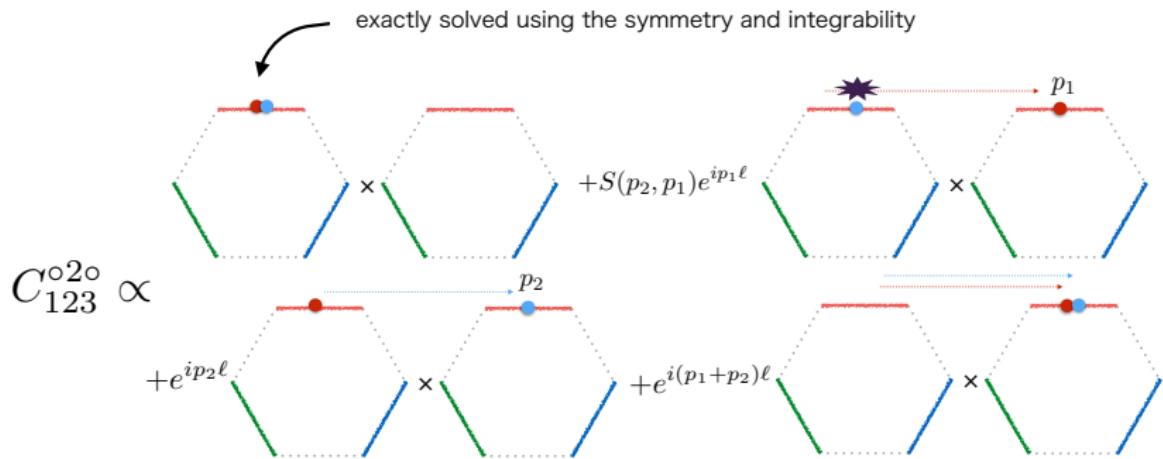
$$\mathcal{O}_i : \text{tr}(ZYZZZY \cdots) \xrightarrow{\text{map}} |\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow\cdots\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{cut}} \sum_{\psi_i, \psi'_i} |\psi_i\rangle \otimes |\psi'_i\rangle$$



$$C_{123} \propto \sum_{\psi_i \psi'_i} \langle \psi_1 | \psi'_2 \rangle \langle \psi_2 | \psi'_3 \rangle \langle \psi_3 | \psi'_1 \rangle$$

Asymptotic C_{123} at all-loop

$$\ell_{ij} \gg 1$$



One can compute in principle the finite size corrections.

[['15 Basso, Komatsu, Vieira](#)], three-loop:[['15 Eden, Sfondrini](#)][['15 Basso, Goncalves, Komatsu, Vieira](#)], four-loop:[['15 Basso, Goncalves, Komatsu](#)], multiple:[['17 Basso, Goncalves, Komatsu](#)]

C_{123} of closed strings

summation over the partitions of the magnon
on the **two hexagon form factors**

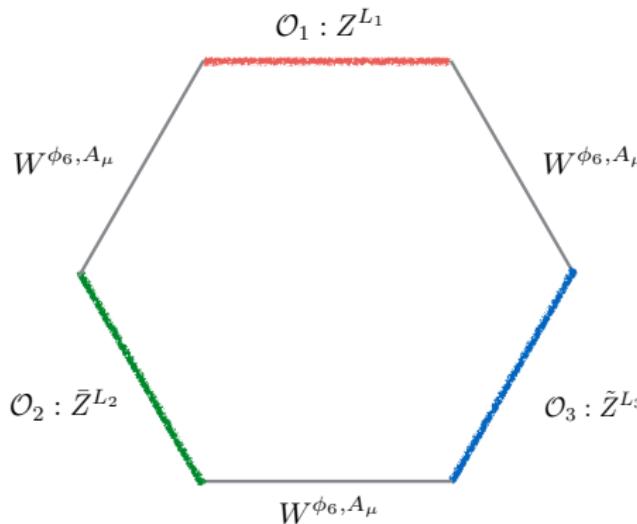
C_{123} of **open strings** using the hexagon method?

[¹⁷ Kim, N.K]

2. Set up

C_{123} of open strings from weak coupling analysis

C_{123} of operators on the Wilson loop



$$Z = \phi_1 + i\phi_2$$

$$Y = \phi_3 + i\phi_4$$

$$\tilde{Z} = Z + \bar{Z} + Y - \bar{Y} = 2(\phi_1 + i\phi_4)$$

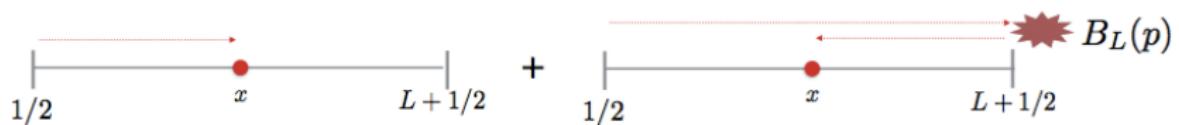
$$\langle W[\mathcal{O}_1(x_1)\mathcal{O}_2(x_2)\mathcal{O}_3(x_3)]\rangle, \quad W = \text{tr} \left[P \exp \left(\oint d\tau (iA_\mu \dot{x}^\mu + \phi_6 |\dot{x}|) \right) \right]$$

Coordinate Bethe ansatz of open spin chain

[’05 Okamura, Takayama, Yoshida][’06 Drukker, Kawamoto]

$$\mathcal{O}_i : \sum_{1 \leq x \leq L_i} Z \cdots Z \underset{x}{\overset{\uparrow}{Y}} Z \cdots Z \xrightarrow{\text{map}} \sum_{1 \leq x \leq L_i} \psi^{(1)}(x) | \uparrow \cdots \uparrow \underset{x}{\downarrow} \uparrow \cdots \uparrow \rangle$$

$$\psi^{(1)}(x) = e^{ip(x-\frac{1}{2})} + e^{2ipL} B_L(p) e^{-ip(x-\frac{1}{2})}$$



$B_L(p) = 1$: Neumann b.c. (Y-excitation)

$B_L(p) = -1$: Dirichlet b.c.

Coordinate Bethe Ansatz of open spin chain

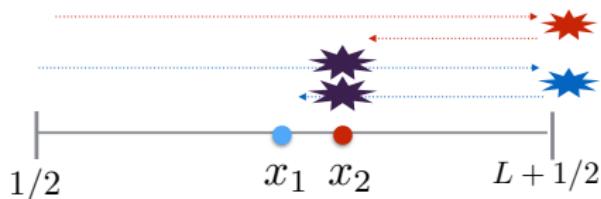
$$f(p_1, p_2) \equiv \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ | \quad \quad \quad | \\ 1/2 \quad \quad x_1 \quad x_2 \quad L+1/2 \\ \text{---} \end{array}}_{e^{ip_1(x_1-\frac{1}{2})+ip_2(x_2-\frac{1}{2})}} + S(p_2, p_1) \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ | \quad \quad \quad | \\ 1/2 \quad \quad x_1 \quad x_2 \quad L+1/2 \\ \text{---} \end{array}}_{e^{ip_2(x_1-\frac{1}{2})+ip_1(x_2-\frac{1}{2})}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \psi^{(2)}(x_1, x_2) &= f(p_1, p_2) \leftarrow \text{closed cBA} \\ &+ e^{2ip_2 L} B_L(p_2) f(p_1, -p_2) \\ &+ S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_1, p_2) e^{2ip_1 L} B_L(p_1) \textcolor{red}{f}(-p_1, p_2) \\ &+ S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_1, p_2) e^{2i(p_1+p_2)L} B_L(p_1) B_L(p_2) \textcolor{blue}{f}(-p_1, -p_2) \end{aligned}$$

e.g.

$$S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_1, p_2) e^{2i(p_1+p_2)L} \\ \times B_L(p_1) B_L(p_2) e^{-ip_1(x_1-\frac{1}{2})-ip_2(x_2-\frac{1}{2})}$$

:



Coordinate Bethe Ansatz of open spin chain

$$f(p_1, p_2) = e^{ip_1(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}) + ip_2(x_2 - \frac{1}{2})} + S(p_2, p_1) e^{ip_2(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}) + ip_1(x_2 - \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\psi^{(2)}(x_1, x_2) &= f(p_1, p_2) \\ &\quad + e^{2ip_2 L} B_L(p_2) f(p_1, -p_2) \\ &\quad + S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_1, p_2) e^{2ip_1 L} B_L(p_1) f(-p_1, p_2) \\ &\quad + S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_1, p_2) e^{2i(p_1 + p_2)L} B_L(p_1) B_L(p_2) f(-p_1, -p_2)\end{aligned}$$

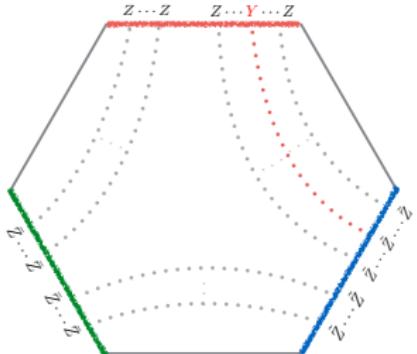
Multi-magnon:

$$f(\hat{p}_1, \dots, \hat{p}_M) \equiv \sum_{\sigma_1 \neq \dots \neq \sigma_M}^M \prod_{\substack{j < k \\ \sigma_k < \sigma_j}} S(\hat{p}_{\sigma_j}, \hat{p}_{\sigma_k}) \prod_{m=1}^M e^{i\hat{p}_{\sigma_m}(x_m - \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\psi^{(M)} = \sum_{\mathbb{P}_+ \cup \mathbb{P}_- = \{1, \dots, M\}} \left[\prod_{k \in \mathbb{P}_-} (e^{2ip_k \ell_{13}} B_L(p_k)) \prod_{l < k} S(p_k, p_l) S(-p_k, p_l) \right] f(\hat{p}_1, \dots, \hat{p}_M)$$

$$\text{with } \hat{p}_i = \begin{cases} p_i & i \in \mathbb{P}_+ \\ -p_i & i \in \mathbb{P}_- \end{cases}.$$

3. 3-point functions tree-level analysis



$$\tilde{Z} = Z + \bar{Z} + Y - \bar{Y}$$

$$C_{123}^{1\circ\circ} \propto \sum_{x=\ell_{12}+1}^{L_1} \psi^{(1)}(x) = \sum_{x=\ell_{12}+1}^{L_1} (e^{ip(x-\frac{1}{2})} + e^{2ipL_1} e^{-ip(x-\frac{1}{2})})$$

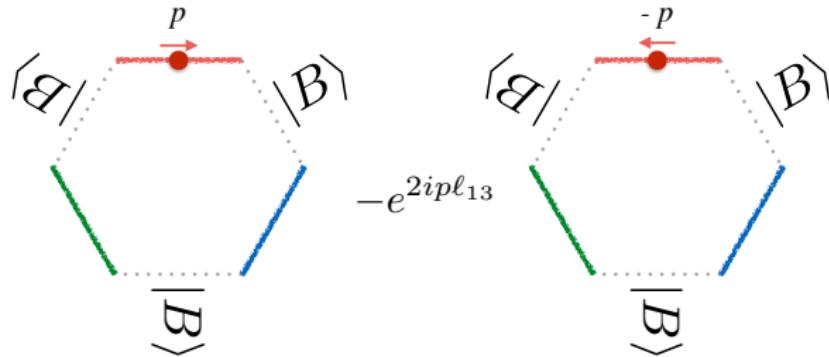
$$\sum_{x=\ell_{12}+1}^{L_1} \underbrace{\overbrace{x}^{\ell_{12}}}_{e^{ip(x-\frac{1}{2})}} = \mathcal{M}(p) \left(\underbrace{\overbrace{1}^{\ell_{12}}}_{e^{ip\ell_{12}}} - \underbrace{\overbrace{1}^{\ell_{12}}}_{e^{ipL_1}} \right)$$

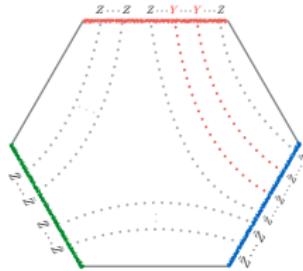
$$\begin{aligned} C_{123}^{1\circ\circ} &\propto \mathcal{M}(p)(e^{ip\ell_{12}} - e^{ipL_1}) + \mathcal{M}(-p)e^{2ipL_1}(e^{-ip\ell_{12}} - e^{-ipL_1}) \\ &= \mathcal{M}(p)(e^{ip\ell_{12}} - e^{2ipL_1}e^{-ip\ell_{12}}) \end{aligned}$$

$$C_{123}^{1\circ\circ} \propto \mathcal{M}_{\ell_{12}}(p)(1 - e^{2ip\ell_{13}}), \quad \mathcal{M}_{\ell_{12}}(p) \equiv \mathcal{M}(p)e^{ip\ell_{12}} \\ = \mathcal{M}_{\ell_{12}}(p)(h^{\text{tree}}(p) - e^{2ip\ell_{13}}h^{\text{tree}}(-p))$$

$h^{\text{tree}}(p)$ = 1 : 1-magnon tree-level hexagon form factor

inspired by hexagon method, as if





$$C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} \propto \sum_{\ell_{12}+1 \leq x_1 < x_2 \leq L_1} \psi^{(2)}(x_1, x_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\ell_{12}+1 \leq x_1 < x_2 \leq L_1} \frac{\overset{p_1}{\bullet} \quad \overset{p_2}{\bullet}}{e^{ip_1(x_1-\frac{1}{2})} e^{ip_2(x_2-\frac{1}{2})}} &= \mathcal{M}(p_2) \sum_{x_1=\ell_{12}+1}^{L_1} \left(\frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{ip_1(x_1-\frac{1}{2})} e^{ip_2 x_1}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} - \frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{ip_1(x_1-\frac{1}{2})} e^{ip_2 L_1}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} \right) \\ &= \mathcal{M}(p_2) \mathcal{M}(p_1) \left\{ \frac{i+2v}{2(u+v)} \left(\frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{i(p_1+p_2)\ell_{12}}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} - \frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{i(p_1+p_2)L_1}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} \right) - \left(\frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{i(p_1+\ell_{12})} e^{ip_2 L_1}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} - \frac{\overset{\bullet}{\underset{e^{i(p_1+p_2)L_1}}{\overbrace{\text{---}}} \quad \bullet}}{} \right) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Weight factor

$$\begin{aligned} C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} &\propto \mathcal{M}_{\ell_{12}}(p_1) \mathcal{M}_{\ell_{12}}(p_2) \left[\frac{u-v}{1+u-v} - S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_2, p_1) e^{2ip_1 \ell_{13}} \frac{-u-v}{1-u-v} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - e^{2ip_2 \ell_{13}} \frac{u+v}{1+u+v} + S(p_2, p_1) S(-p_2, p_1) e^{2i(p_1+p_2)\ell_{13}} \frac{-u+v}{1-u+v} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$cf \quad \frac{i+2v}{2(u+v)} + S(p_2, p_1) \frac{i+2u}{2(v+u)} = \frac{u-v}{1+u-v} \equiv h^{\text{tree}}(u, v)$$

Result

By mathematical induction, we proved

$$\left(\frac{C_{123}^{M\circ\circ}}{C_{123}^{\circ\circ\circ}} \right)^2 = \frac{(e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)\ell_{12}} \mathcal{K}^{(M)})^2}{\det(\partial_{u_i} \phi_j) \prod_{i < j} S(p_j, p_i) e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)L_1}}$$

↑

$$\text{Gaudin norm: } e^{i\phi_j} \equiv e^{ip_j L_1} \prod_{k \neq j} S(p_k, p_j) S(-p_k, p_j)$$

$$\mathcal{K}_{\text{tree}}^{(M)} = \sum_{\mathsf{P}_+ \cup \mathsf{P}_- = \{1, \dots, M\}} \left[\prod_{k \in \mathsf{P}_-} (-e^{2ip_k \ell_{13}}) \prod_{l < k} S(p_k, p_l) S(-p_k, p_l) \right] \prod_{i < j} h_{YY}^{\text{tree}}(\hat{p}_i, \hat{p}_j)$$

with

$$\hat{p}_i = \begin{cases} p_i & i \in \mathsf{P}_+ \\ -p_i & i \in \mathsf{P}_- \end{cases}.$$

Proposal

Recall the 2-magnon case:

$$C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} \propto h^{\text{tree}}(u, v) - S(p_2, p_1)S(-p_2, p_1)e^{2ip_1\ell_{13}}h^{\text{tree}}(-u, v) \\ - e^{2ip_2\ell_{13}}h^{\text{tree}}(u, -v) + S(p_2, p_1)S(-p_2, p_1)e^{2i(p_1+p_2)\ell_{13}}h^{\text{tree}}(-u, -v)$$

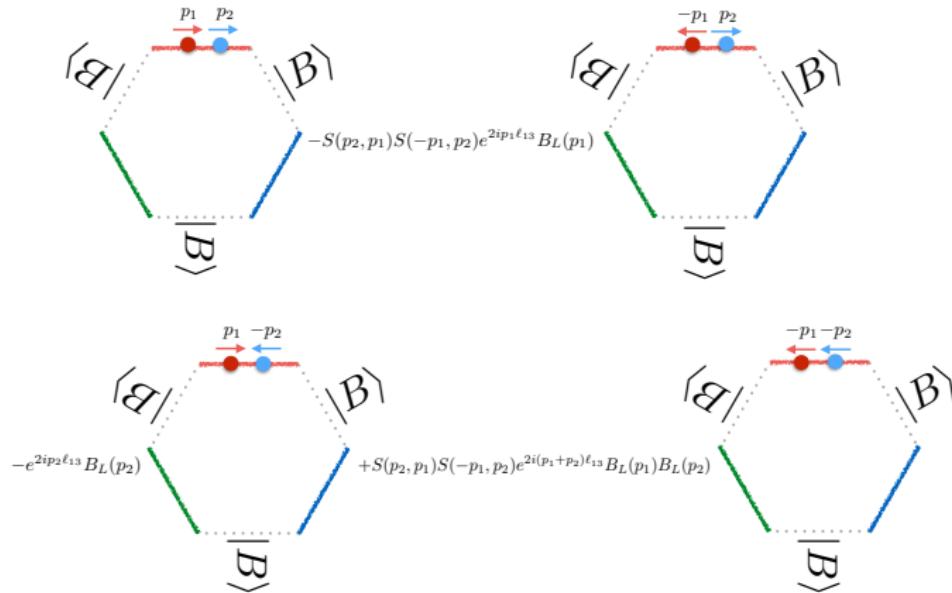
Inspired by the closed case: replacing by finite coupling factors

- ▶ hexagon form factor
- ▶ S-matrix factor

$$C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} \propto h(u, v) - S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1)S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1)e^{2ip_1\ell_{13}}B_L(p_1)h(-u, v) \\ - e^{2ip_2\ell_{13}}B_L(p_2)h(u, -v) + S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1)S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1)e^{2i(p_1+p_2)\ell_{13}}B_L(p_1)B_L(p_2)h(-u, -v)$$

Proposal

$$C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} \propto h(u, v) - S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1)S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1)e^{2ip_1\ell_{13}}B_L(p_1)h(-u, v)$$
$$- e^{2ip_2\ell_{13}}B_L(p_2)h(u, -v) + S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1)S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1)e^{2i(p_1+p_2)\ell_{13}}B_L(p_1)B_L(p_2)h(-u, -v)$$



Proposal

Asymptotic 3-point functions of the open strings:

$$\left(\frac{C_{123}^{M\circ\circ}}{C_{123}^{\circ\circ\circ}} \right)^2 = \frac{(e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)\ell_{12}} \mathcal{K}^{(M)})^2}{\det(\partial_{u_i} \phi_j) \prod_{i < j} S(p_j, p_i) e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)L_1}}$$

↑

$$\text{Gaudin norm: } e^{i\phi_j} \equiv e^{ip_j L_1} \prod_{k \neq j} S(p_k, p_j) S(-p_k, p_j)$$

$$\mathcal{K}_{\text{finite}}^{(M)} = \sum_{P_+ \cup P_- = \{1, \dots, M\}} \left[\prod_{k \in P_-} (-e^{2ip_k \ell_{13}} B_L(p_k)) \prod_{l < k} S(p_k, p_l) S(-p_k, p_l) \right] \prod_{i < j} h_{YY}^{\text{finite}}(\hat{p}_i, \hat{p}_j)$$

Proposal

Asymptotic 3-point functions of the open strings:

$$\left(\frac{C_{123}^{M\circ\circ}}{C_{123}^{\circ\circ\circ}} \right)^2 = \frac{(e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)\ell_{12}} \mathcal{K}^{(M)})^2}{\det(\partial_{u_i} \phi_j) \prod_{i < j} S(p_j, p_i) e^{i(p_1 + \dots + p_M)L_1}}$$

↑

$$\text{Gaudin norm: } e^{i\phi_j} \equiv e^{ip_j L_1} \prod_{k \neq j} S(p_k, p_j) S(-p_k, p_j)$$

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Summation over all possible ways of changing the signs of magnon momenta in the hexagon form factors with appropriate factors

c.f.

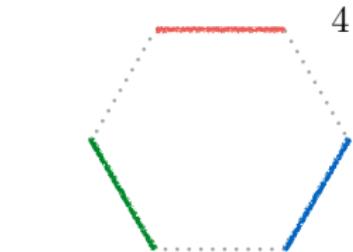
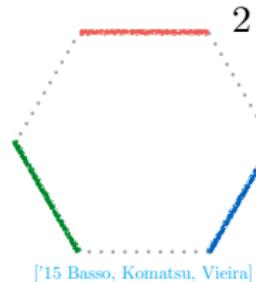
$$C_{123}^{2\circ\circ} \propto h(u, v) - S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1) S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1) e^{2ip_1 \ell_{13}} B_L(p_1) h(-u, v) \\ - e^{2ip_2 \ell_{13}} B_L(p_2) h(u, -v) + S^{\text{finite}}(p_2, p_1) S^{\text{finite}}(-p_2, p_1) e^{2i(p_1 + p_2) \ell_{13}} B_L(p_1) B_L(p_2) h(-u, -v)$$

Summary

3-pt

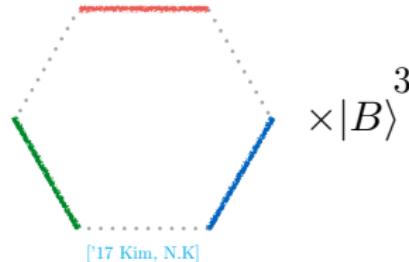
4-pt

closed strings:



[15 Basso, Coronado, Komatsu, Lam, Vieira, Zhong]

open strings:



[17 Kim, N.K]

in progress

Outlook

1. Higher rank sectors or higher loop: $B_L(p) \neq 1$?
2. Other integrable “strings”?
3. Spin chain length 0 limit? [to appear Kim, N.K, Komatsu and Nishimura]
4. Higher point functions? [work in progress N.K, Komatsu]

fin.